BA DEGREE (CBCS) EXAMINATION, NOVEMBER 2018

Third Semester

COMPLEMENTARY COURSE - PS3CMT01 - AN INTRODUCTION TO POLITICAL SCIENCE

(Common to B.A Economics Model I, B.A History Model I, B.A History Model II Archaeology and Museology, B.A History Model II Communication and Publishing Sciences, B.A History Model II Forestry and Environmental History, B.A Philosophy Model I, B.A Sociology Model I)

2017 Admission Onwards

F49529AC

Maximum Marks: 80   **Time: 3 Hours**

Part A

Answer any **ten** questions.

Each question carries **2** marks.

1. Define Politics.

2. Define power.

3. Explain the legal approach to the study of Political Science.

4. Define state.

5. Explain the Force Theory of the origin of state.

6. Define Distributive Justice.

7. Point out the basic elements of Liberalism.

8. Briefly exlplain the Gandhian ideal of Ahimsa.

9. Briefly explain the Marxian observation of class struggle.

10. What is deliberative democracy?

11. Detect how representative democracy is made accountable to the people.

12. Explain what is federation.

(10×2=20)

Part B

Answer any **six** questions.

Each question carries **5** marks.

13. Describe the limitations of the Behavioural approach to the study of Political Science.

14. Explain the 'credo of relevance' according to David Easton.

15. Describe the role of state in a globalised era.

16. Examine the concept of negative liberty.

17. Examine the rule of law in a democratic system of government.

18. Examine the importance of civil disobedience as a method of protest.

19. Briefly elucidate the Gandhian concpet of Ramarajya.

20. Compare between parliamentary form of government and presidential form of government.

21. Make a brief report on separation of power theory.

(6×5=30)

Part C

Answer any **two** questions.

Each question carries **15** marks.

22. Discuss the Behavioural approach to Political Science.

23. Discuss the Evoutionary theory regarding the origin of the state.

24. Critically explain the features of Fascism.

25. Examine the features of unitary form of government

(2×15=30)