

**E 9188**

(Pages : 3)

Reg. No.....

Name.....

**B.Sc. DEGREE (C.B.C.S.S.) EXAMINATION, OCTOBER 2014**

**Third Semester**

Vocational Course—Computer Science

**OBJECT ORIENTED PROGRAMMING WITH C++**

(For B.Sc. Mathematics Model II)

[2013 Admissions]

Time : Three Hours

Maximum : 80 Marks

**Part A**

*Answer all questions.*

*Each question carries 1 mark.*

1. Object oriented approach cannot be used to create databases. Write True or False.
2. What is data abstraction ?
3. How is a member function of a class defined ?
4. What is a conversion function ?
5. What does inheritance mean in C++ ?
6. A pointer to a base class cannot be made to point to objects of derived class. Write True or False.
7. What is a virtual function ?
8. What does the "current position" mean when applied to files ?
9. What is a template function ?
10. Find the error in the statement in file.open (argc) ;

(10 × 1 = 10)

**Part B**

*Answer eight questions from this part.*

*Each question carries 2 marks.*

11. What is object oriented programming. How is it different from procedure oriented programming ?
12. Define dynamic binding.
13. Distinguish between objects and classes.
14. Find errors if any in the following C++ statement. Cout << "X = " X ;
15. How does a main ( ) function in C++ differ from main ( ) in C.

**Turn over**

16. What are objects ? How are they created ?
17. When do we make a class virtual ?
18. In what order are the class constructors called when a derived class object is created ?
19. What does polymorphism mean in C++ language C ?
20. What are input and output streams ?
21. Write the general formal of a function template.
22. What is the difference between `ios :: ate` and `ios :: app`.

(8 × 2 = 16)

### Part C

*Answer any six questions.  
Each question carries 4 marks.*

23. What are the unique advantages of an object oriented paradigm ?
24. How are data and functions organized in an object oriented programming ?
25. Write a program to read two numbers from the keyboard and display the largest value on the screen.
26. What are the advantages of function prototypes in C++ ?
27. What is a friend function ? What are the merits and demerits of using friend functions ?
28. Describe the syntax of the single inheritance in C++.
29. When do we make a virtual function pure ? What are the implications of making a function pure virtual function ?
30. What are the steps involved in using a file in a C++ programme ?
31. What is exception handling and show how is it implemented in C++ ?

(6 × 4 = 24)

### Part D

*Answer any two questions.  
Each question carries 15 marks.*

32. (a) Write a macro that obtains the largest of three numbers using inline function.
- (b) Describe the mechanism of accessing data members and member functions in the following cases :—
  - (i) Inside the main program.
  - (ii) Inside a member function of the same class.

33. Create a class MAT of size  $m \times n$ . Define all possible matrix operations for MAT type objects.
34. (a) Describe the syntax of multiple inheritance. When do we use such an inheritance ?  
(b) Describe how an object of a class that contains objects of other classes are created.
35. (a) Describe how would you determine number of objects in a file. When do you need such information.  
(b) Write a program that reads a text file and creates another file that is identical except that every sequence of consecutive blank spaces is replaced by a single space.

(2 × 15 = 30)