

B.Sc. DEGREE (C.B.C.S.S.) EXAMINATION, NOVEMBER 2011**First Semester****Vocational Course—Computer Science****COMPUTER FUNDAMENTALS**

(For Model—II B.Sc. Mathematics)

Time : Three Hours

Maximum Weight : 25

Part A*Answer all questions in this part.**Each bunch of four questions carries weight 1.*

I. 1. A data stored in memory can be accessed through ———.

- (a) Data bus. (b) Address bus.
(c) LAN. (d) ALU.

2. Which among the following is not an I/O device.

- (a) Printer. (b) Floater.
(c) Accumulator. (d) None of these.

3. The basic form of a computer was actually a ———.

- (a) Assembler. (b) Calculator.
(c) Printer. (d) None of these.

4. The base value of hexadecimal system is :

- (a) 16. (b) 8.
(c) 10. (d) 2.

II. 5. The Gray code value 0010 corresponds to decimal ———.

- (a) 2. (b) 1.
(c) 10. (d) 3.

6. Which among the following is a high level language ?

- (a) FORTRAN. (b) WINDOWS.
(c) LINUX. (d) OS/2.

7. One Megabyte is equivalent to ——— bits.

- (a) 100 KB. (b) 1000 KB.
(c) 1024 KB. (d) 1056 KB

Turn over

8. Register in the CPU is a _____.
 (a) I/O device. (b) Used to produce interrupts.
 (c) Temporary storage device. (d) None of these.
- III. 9. Nibble is _____.
 (a) 2 bits. (b) Same as byte.
 (c) 8 bits. (d) 4 bits.
10. For networking between the computers in a room _____ is used.
 (a) LAN. (b) WAN.
 (c) MAN. (d) FDDI.
11. In a flowchart a rhombus represents :
 (a) Decision. (b) Connector.
 (c) Terminal. (d) Process.
12. Machine code is generated from a programming language by _____.
 (a) Assembler. (b) Compiler.
 (c) Operating system. (d) None of these.
- IV. 13. HTTP is _____.
 14. A _____ is example for a secondary storage device.
 15. A flowchart will terminate in _____ symbol.
 16. A _____ is an optical storage device.

(4 × 1 = 4)

Part B

Answer any **five**, use weight 1 each.

17. Why we use secondary storage devices ?
 18. What is an assembler ?
 19. Compare LAN and WAN.
 20. What is ROM ?
 21. What is a communication protocol ?
 22. How will you convert a hexadecimal number to decimal ?
 23. What is the use of a Flow Chart ?
 24. Write the names of different bus units.

(5 × 1 = 5)

Part C

Answer any four, weight 2 each.

25. Compare internet with intranet.
26. Write a short note about 3rd generation computers.
27. What is a high level language.
28. What is the function of a control unit in a computer ?
29. Enumerate different types of memories.
30. Convert $(AF\ 26)_{16}$ to Binary.

(4 × 2 = 8)

Part D

Answer any two, weight 4 each.

31. Write short notes on :

(a) WAN.

(b) Floppy disk.

32. Discuss how the CPU of a computer works with the help of a block diagram.

33. Discuss various stages in software development with an example.

(2 × 4 = 8)

(a) Accumulator (b) Name of User

3. The basic unit of a computer was actually a _____

(a) Assembly

(b) Calculator

(c) Printer

(d) Name of User

4. The base value of hexadecimal system is _____

(a) 10

(b) 8

(c) 16

(d) 2

5. The (hex) code value 0010 corresponds to decimal _____

(a) 2

(b) 1

(c) 10

(d) 4

6. Which among the following is a high level language ?

(a) FORTRAN

(b) WINDOWS

(c) LINUX

(d) C++

7. One Megabyte is equivalent to _____ bits.

(a) 100 KB

(b) 1000 KB

(c) 1024 KB

(d) 1000 KB

Turn over